

wherein:

n is at least 2,

each of L¹-Lⁿ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, (C₁-C₄)alkanoyl, naturally occurring nucleobases, non-naturally occurring nucleobases, aromatic moieties, DNA intercalators, nucleobase-binding groups, heterocyclic moieties, and reporter ligands, at least one of L¹-Lⁿ being said base substituted with at least one sterically bulky substituent;

each of C^1 - C^n is $(CR^6R^7)_y$ where R^6 is hydrogen and R^7 is selected from the group consisting of the side chains of naturally occurring alpha amino acids, or R^6 and R^7 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, $(C_2$ - C_6)alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy, $(C_1$ - C_6)alkoxy, $(C_1$ - C_6)alkylthio, NR^3R^4 and SR^5 , where R^3 and R^4 independently are hydrogen, a conjugate, $(C_1$ - C_6)alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthiosubstituted $(C_1$ - C_4)alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and R^5 is hydrogen, $(C_1$ - C_6)alkyl, hydroxy-, alko xy-, or alkylthio- substituted $(C_1$ - C_6)alkyl, or R^6 and R^7 taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

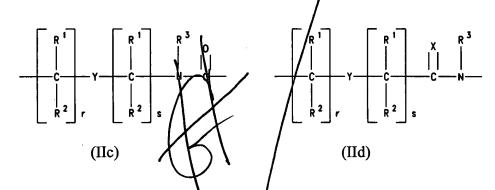
each of D1-Dn is (CR6R7)z where R6 and R7 are as defined above;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

each of G^1 - G^{n-1} is -NR³CO-, -NR³CS-, -NR³SO- or -NR³SO₂-, in either orientation, where R³ is as defined above;

each pair of A¹-Aⁿ and B¹-Bⁿ are selected such that:

- (a) A is a group of formula (IIc) and B is N or $\mathbb{R}^3 N^+$; or
- (b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH,



where:

X is O, S, Se, NR³, CH₂ or C(CH₃)₂

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR⁴;

each of p and q is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

each of r and s is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

each R^1 and R^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_4) alkyl which may be hydroxy- or alkylthio-substituted, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino and halogen;

[each of G¹-G¹-¹ is -NR³CO-, -NR³CS-, -NR³SO- or -NR³SO₂-, in either orientation, where R³ is a sterically bulky substituent containing 3 or more non-hydrogen atoms;]